

**MARTIFER**  
SOLAR

*Pure Energy*



**HOW THE SECTOR SHALL ADAPT TO THE NEW CIRCUMSTANCES**

**- KEY NOTES ON THE ROMANIAN PV MARKET**

**Bucharest, 19th of November 2013**



MARTIFER  
SOLAR

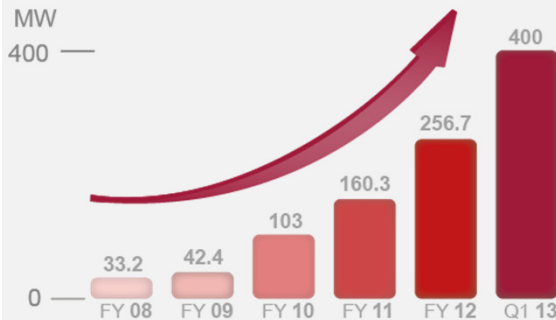
The image shows a large, modern building with a glass facade. The building is partially obscured by a red vertical bar on the right. The sun is shining brightly in the sky, creating a lens flare effect. The building has 'MARTIFER' and 'Pure Energy' written on its facade. A staircase leads up to the building. The overall scene is in black and white, except for the red bar.

## 01 | MARTIFER SOLAR

At a Glance | Worldwide Presence | Core Business |  
Key Achievements

Pure Energy

MARTIFER SOLAR  
HEADQUARTERS  
Oliveira de Frades,  
Portugal



## AT A GLANCE

- Fully-integrated *global player* in the photovoltaic market
- Proven *track record* of 400MW implemented worldwide
- 5 consecutive years of positive results, unequal in the sector's trend
- 243 M€ in current backlog
- **Ranked in the Top EPC Contractor list**  
IHS Survey among 650 EPC contractors: 8th largest European and 31st on a global level

**EUROPE**

- Portugal
- Spain
- Italy
- Greece
- Belgium
- France
- Czech Republic
- Slovakia
- United Kingdom
- Germany
- Romania
- Ukraine

**NORTH AMERICA**

- USA
- Canada
- Mexico

**ASIA**

- India
- Singapore
- Japan

**MIDDLE EAST**

- United Arab Emirates

**SOUTH AMERICA**

- Chile
- Brazil
- Ecuador

**AFRICA**

- Cape Verde
- Mozambique
- South Africa



**True Global Presence | 25 countries across 4 continents**

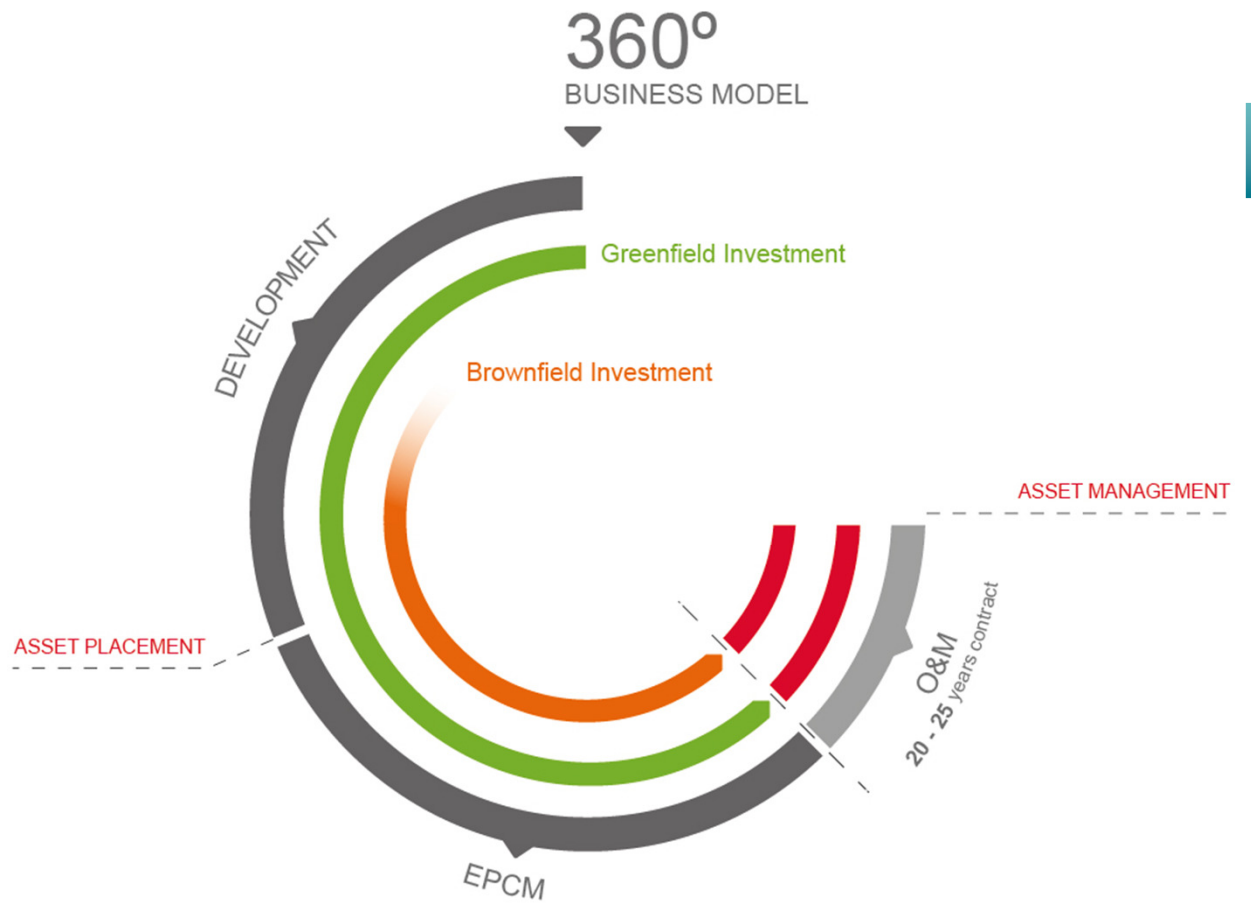


**BUSINESS UNITS**

DEVELOPMENT

ENGINEERING, PROCUREMENT  
AND CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT

OPERATION & MAINTENANCE



**475 Projects done in 4 continents**

Asia | Europe | America | Africa

**One of Latin America 's largest PV projects**

Mexico, 38,6 MWp

**One of Africa's largest PV projects**

Santiago and Sal, CAPE VERDE 7.5 MWp

**One of Asia's largest PV plants**

Gujarat, INDIA 25 MWp

**Highest PV installation in the world**

Torre de Cristal, SPAIN

**Europe**

280 MW completed in 373 projects across 11 Countries

**44 MW in North America**

2 GW under development

**KEY ACHIEVEMENTS**





**MARTIFER**  
SOLAR

## 02 | ROMANIAN PV SHORT STORY

From boom to uncertainty - What happened?

*Pure Energy*

MORATALLA  
Murcia,  
Spain

End of 2011

Stabilization of the promotion system for electricity produced from renewable sources, **confirming that 6 GCs would be granted to new PV installations** (GEO 88/2011.10.19).

July 2012

Law 134/2012 confirms the full application of law 220/2008 as amended by GEO 88/2011, and goes further providing for the **stability of the promotion system (6 GCs) until the end of 2013.**

Romania ranks 13<sup>th</sup> in E&Y top that measures the market attractiveness for investments in renewable energy projects

Industry players believe that finally the necessary stability was brought to the renewable energy sector, creating the conditions for a strong and sustained growth of the PV in Romania

49 MW of projects connected to the grid  
More than 3 GW of PV projects under development , most of them with connection approval (ATR)



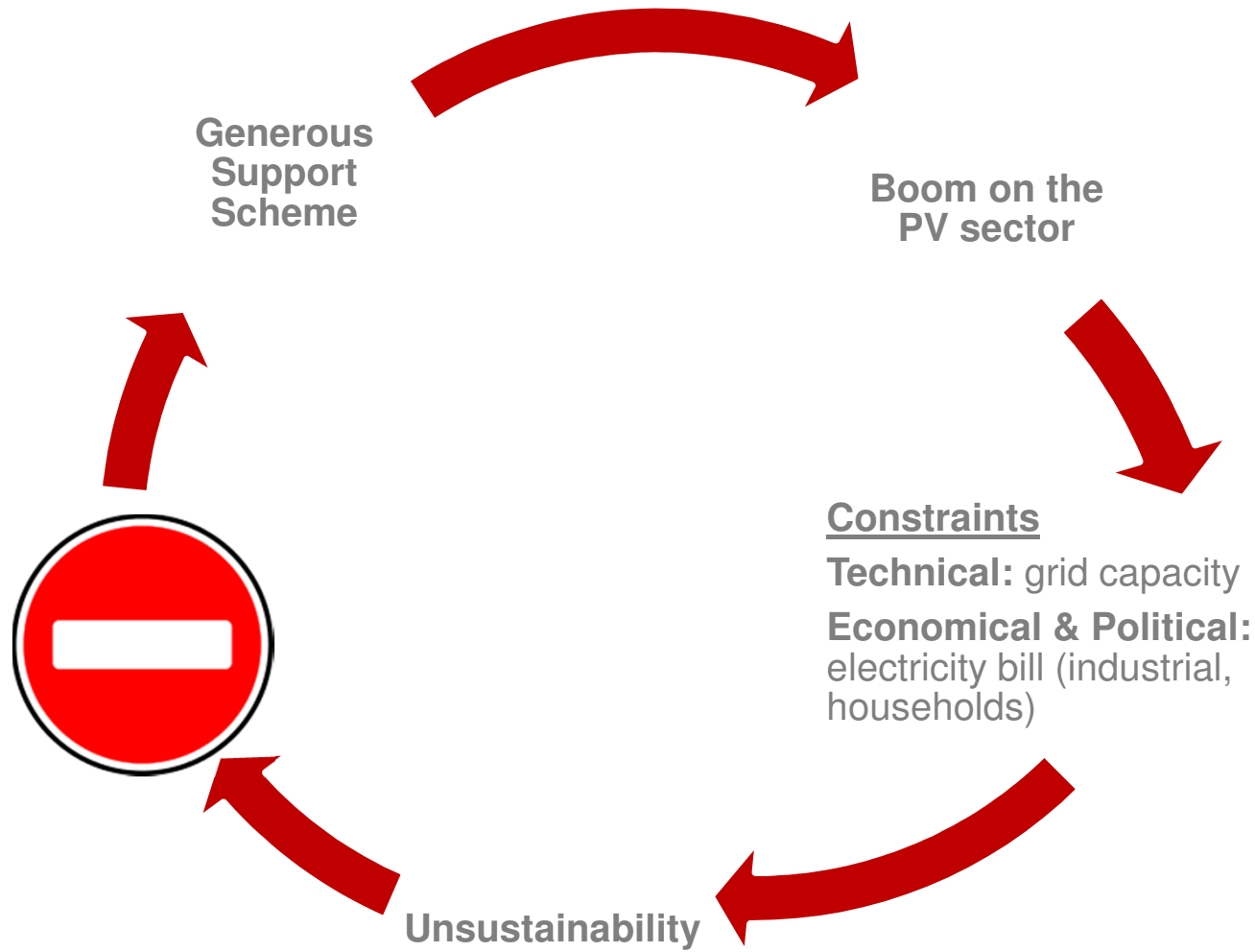
## FROM BOOM TO UNCERTAINTY – WHAT HAPPENED?

2013

- During the first semester we have seen a significant increase of the projects under construction and grid connected.
- Rumors regarding possible changes in the renewables legal framework bring considerable concerns to the investors.
- GEO 57/2013 is enforced as of the 1<sup>st</sup> of July, bringing total uncertainty to the PV sector, as it opened the door for unpredictable revisions of the support scheme, as well to possible restrictions for new capacities to be installed.
- On the 29<sup>th</sup> of August, a draft proposal of Governmental Decision anticipates a reduction of 50% of the support scheme to PV

**High uncertainty about the rules of the game/incentive scheme applicable for Q4 2013 and 2014**

FROM BOOM TO UNCERTAINTY – WHAT HAPPENED?

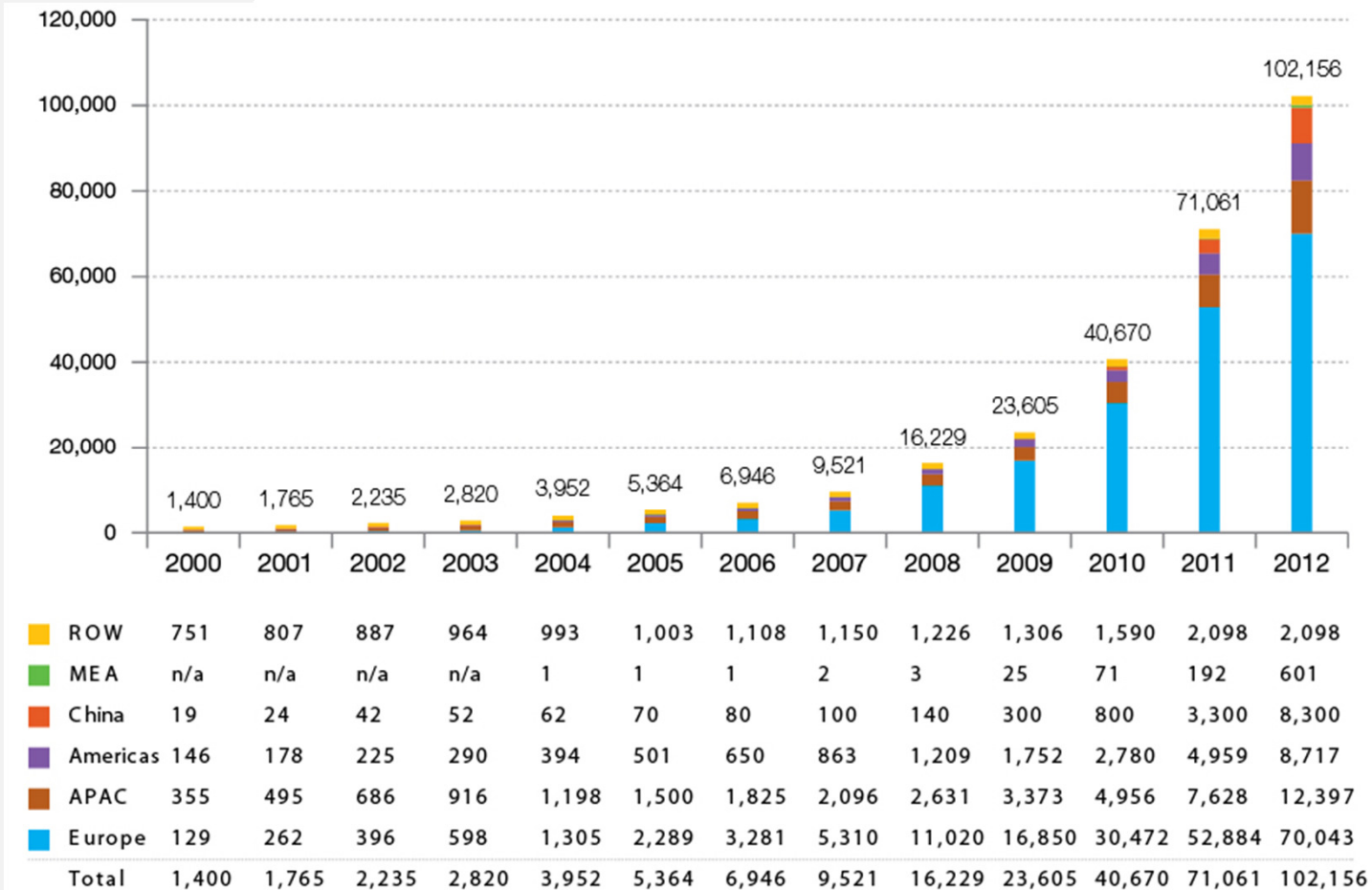


**More than 600 MW of PV projects installed**

## 03 | PV GLOBAL MARKET OVERVIEW

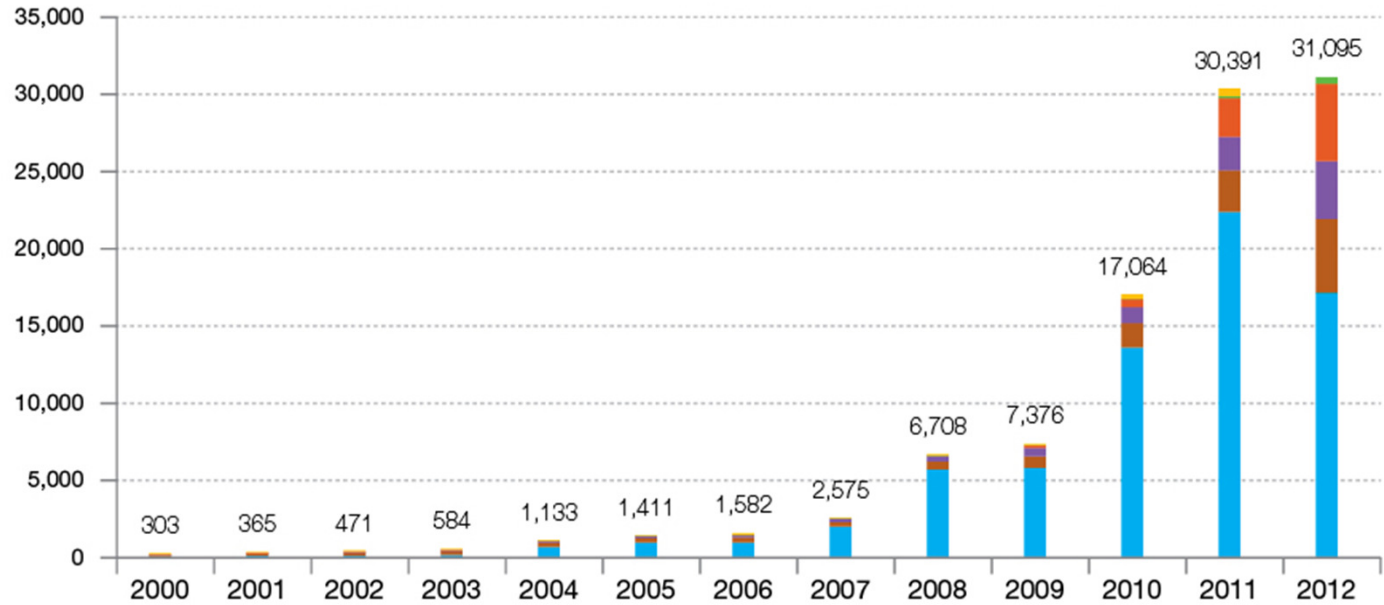
ALCOBENDAS  
Madrid,  
Spain

**EVOLUTION OF GLOBAL PV CUMULATIVE INSTALLED CAPACITY 2000-2012 (MW)**



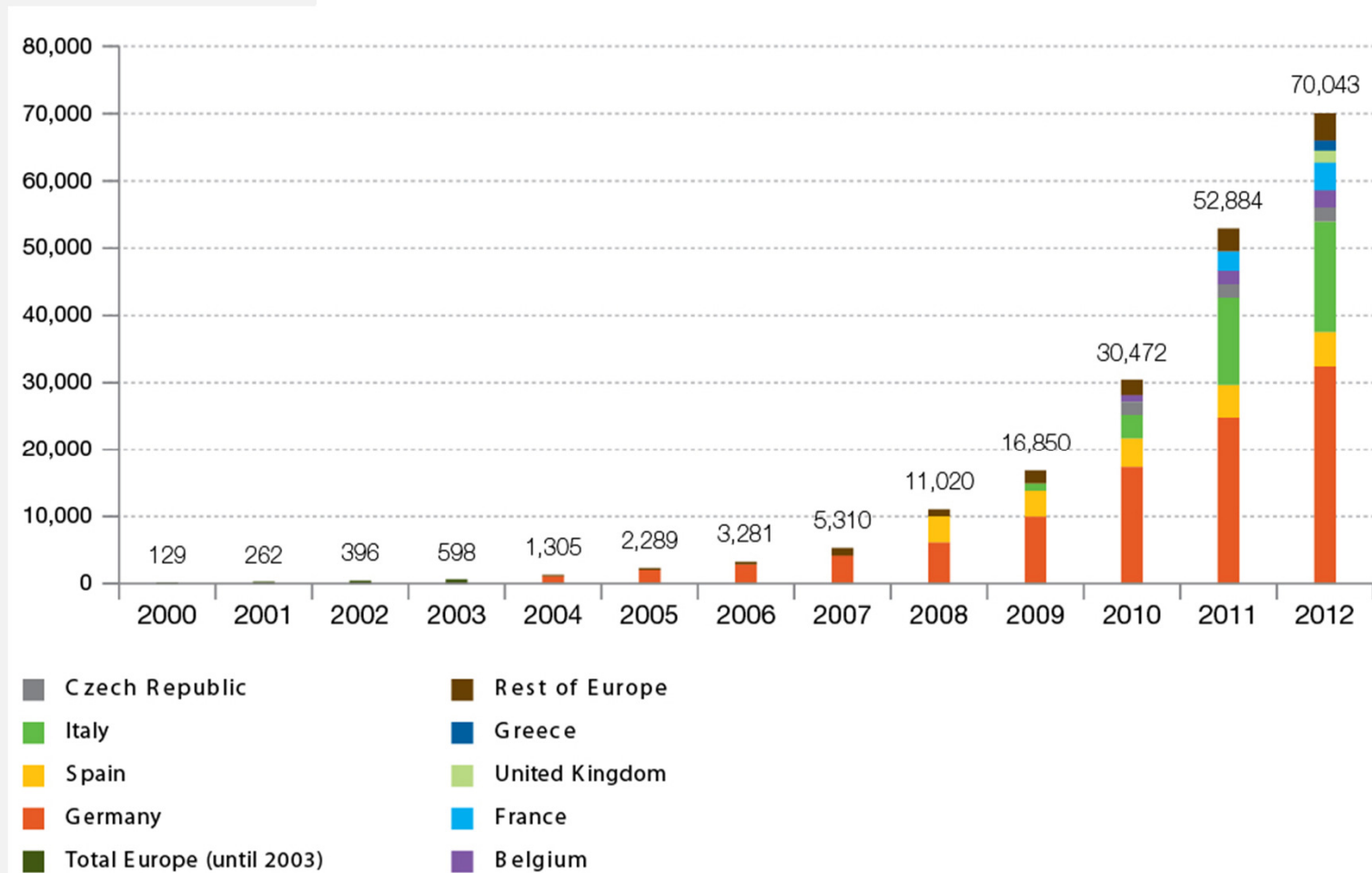


**EVOLUTION OF GLOBAL PV ANNUAL INSTALLATIONS 2000-2012 (MW)**

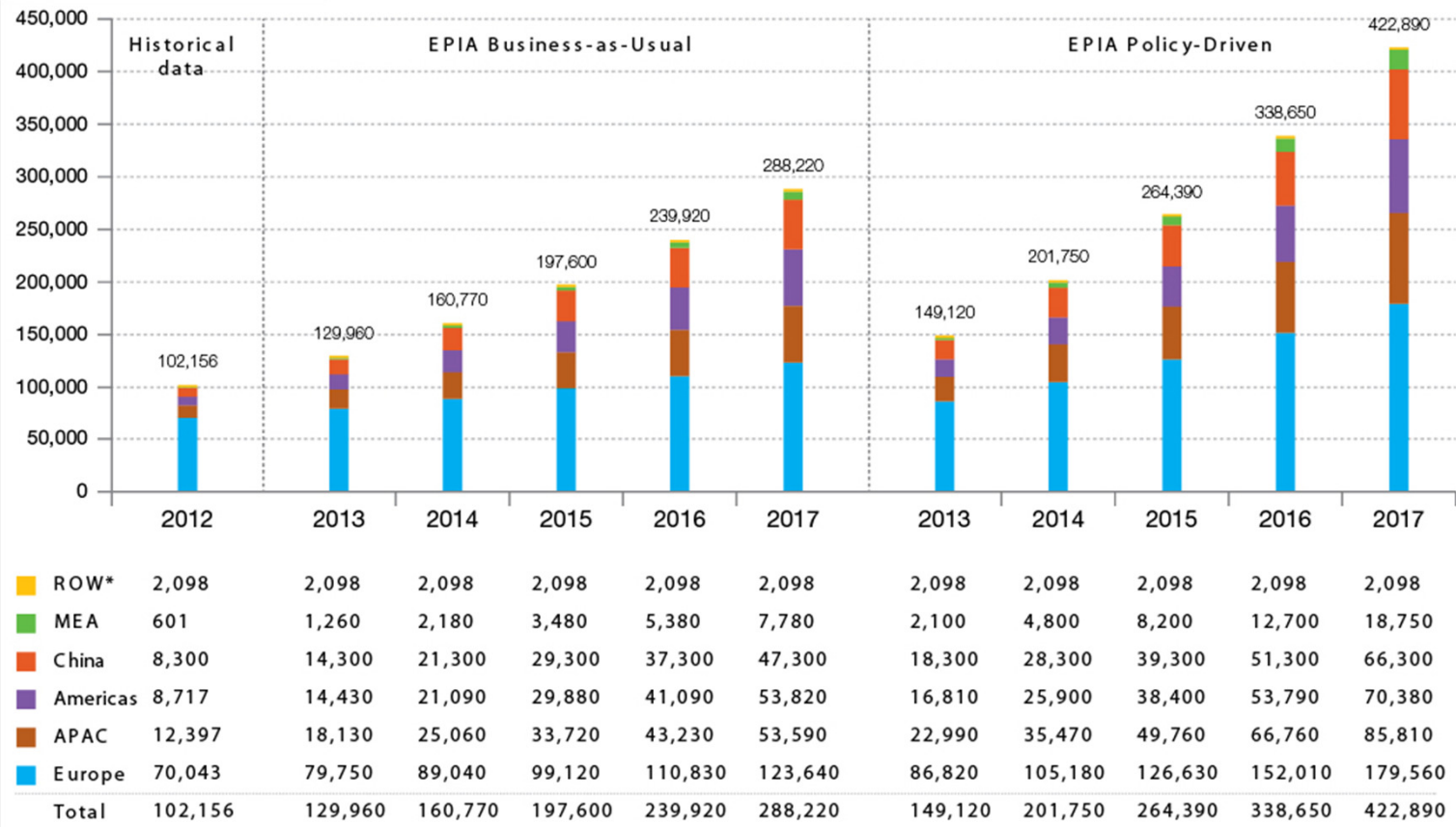


ROW	88	56	80	77	29	10	105	42	76	80	284	508	-*
MEA	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1	n/a	n/a	1	1	22	46	121	410
China	19	5	19	10	10	8	10	20	40	160	500	2,500	5,000
Americas	24	32	47	66	104	106	150	213	346	543	1,029	2,179	3,758
APAC	117	140	191	230	282	303	324	271	535	742	1,583	2,672	4,769
Europe	56	133	135	202	707	984	992	2,028	5,710	5,830	13,622	22,411	17,159
<b>Total</b>	<b>303</b>	<b>365</b>	<b>471</b>	<b>584</b>	<b>1,133</b>	<b>1,411</b>	<b>1,582</b>	<b>2,575</b>	<b>6,708</b>	<b>7,376</b>	<b>17,064</b>	<b>30,391</b>	<b>31,095</b>

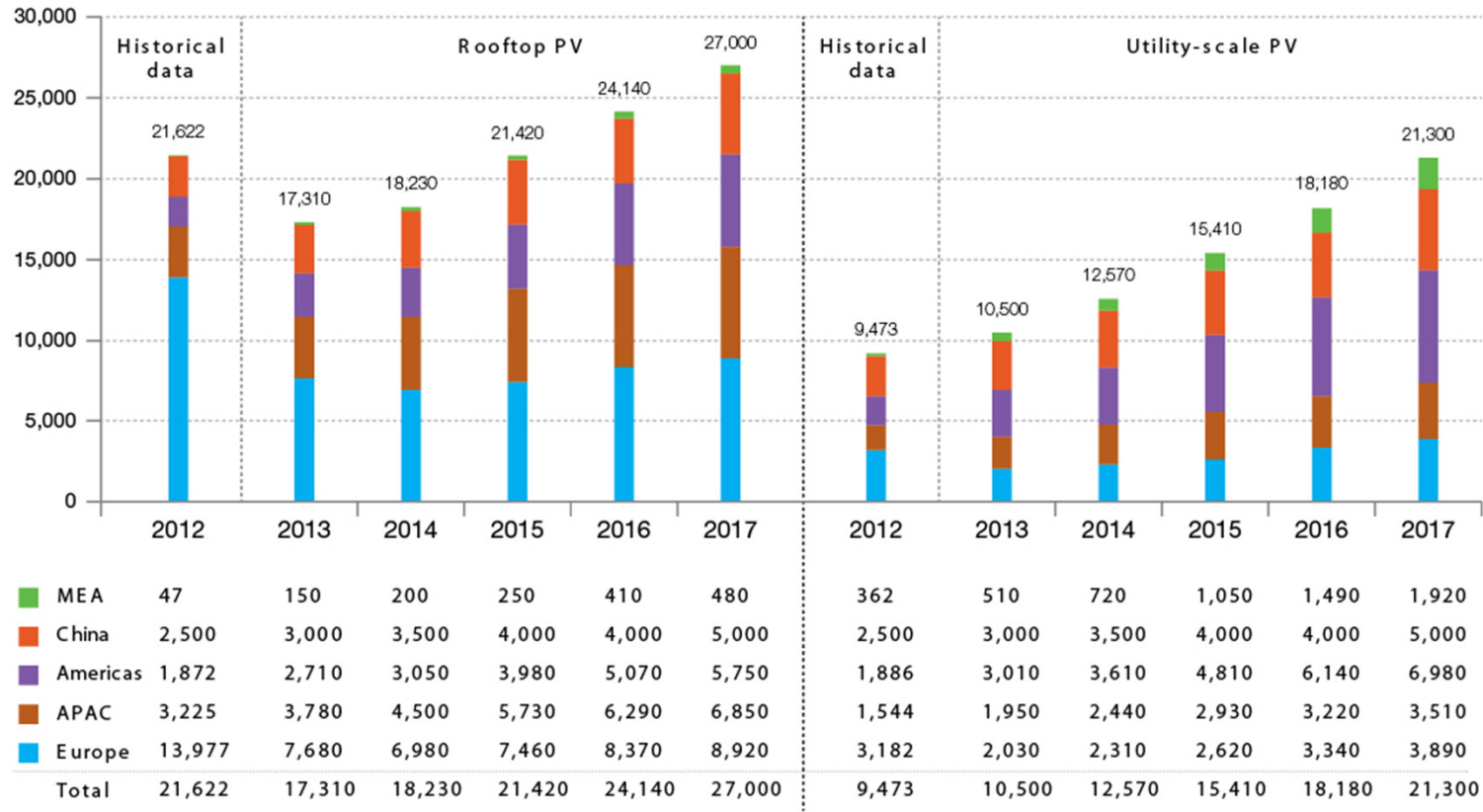
**EVOLUTION OF EUROPEAN PV CUMULATIVE INSTALLED CAPACITY 2000-2012 (MW)**



**EVOLUTION OF GLOBAL PV CUMULATIVE INSTALLED CAPACITY PER REGION UNTIL 2017 (MW)**



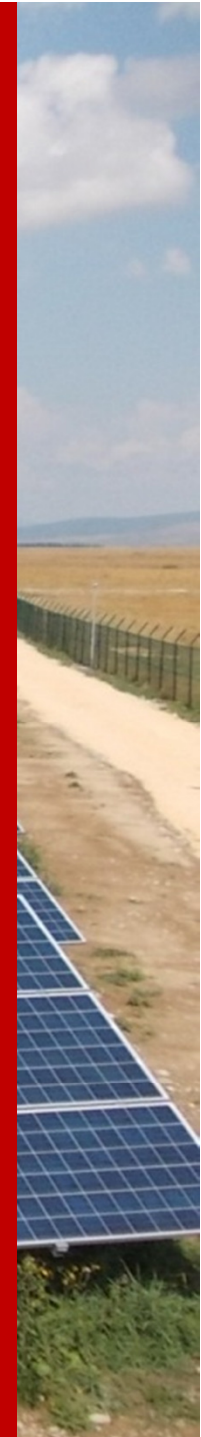
**GLOBAL ROOFTOP AND UTILITY-SCALE PV MARKET BY REGION UNTIL 2017 – EPIA BUSINESS-AS-USUAL SCENARIO (MW)**





- In 2012 the European PV market declined for the first time compared to the previous year, and most probably in 2013 the majority of the new PV capacity will be installed outside Europe.
- For the second year in a row, in 2012 PV was ranking first as the most important new source of electricity generation in Europe.
- We can estimate that according with the capacities installed by the end of 2012, PV can feed roughly 2.6% the electricity demand in Europe and 0.6% globally.
- Over the last 12 years PV positions itself in the top three technologies in Europe as to the net generation capacity added, following immediately after Gas and Wind.
- PV is still highly dependent on the existing promoting schemes.

**Remarkable growth of PV under a context of economic and financial crisis, political and regulatory instability definitely confirms PV as a solid source of safe and clean power**



## 04 | MARKET TRENDS

PV Market Drivers | Regulatory/Policy Trends |  
Mainstream Technology

HALCHIU  
Brasov,  
Romania

1

2

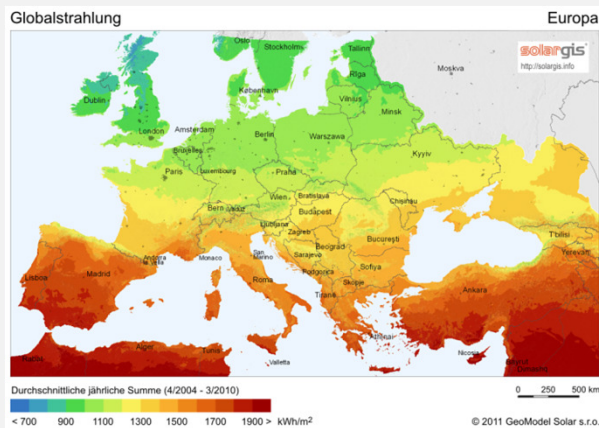
## PV MARKET DRIVERS

### ☐ Attractiveness of PV for the country

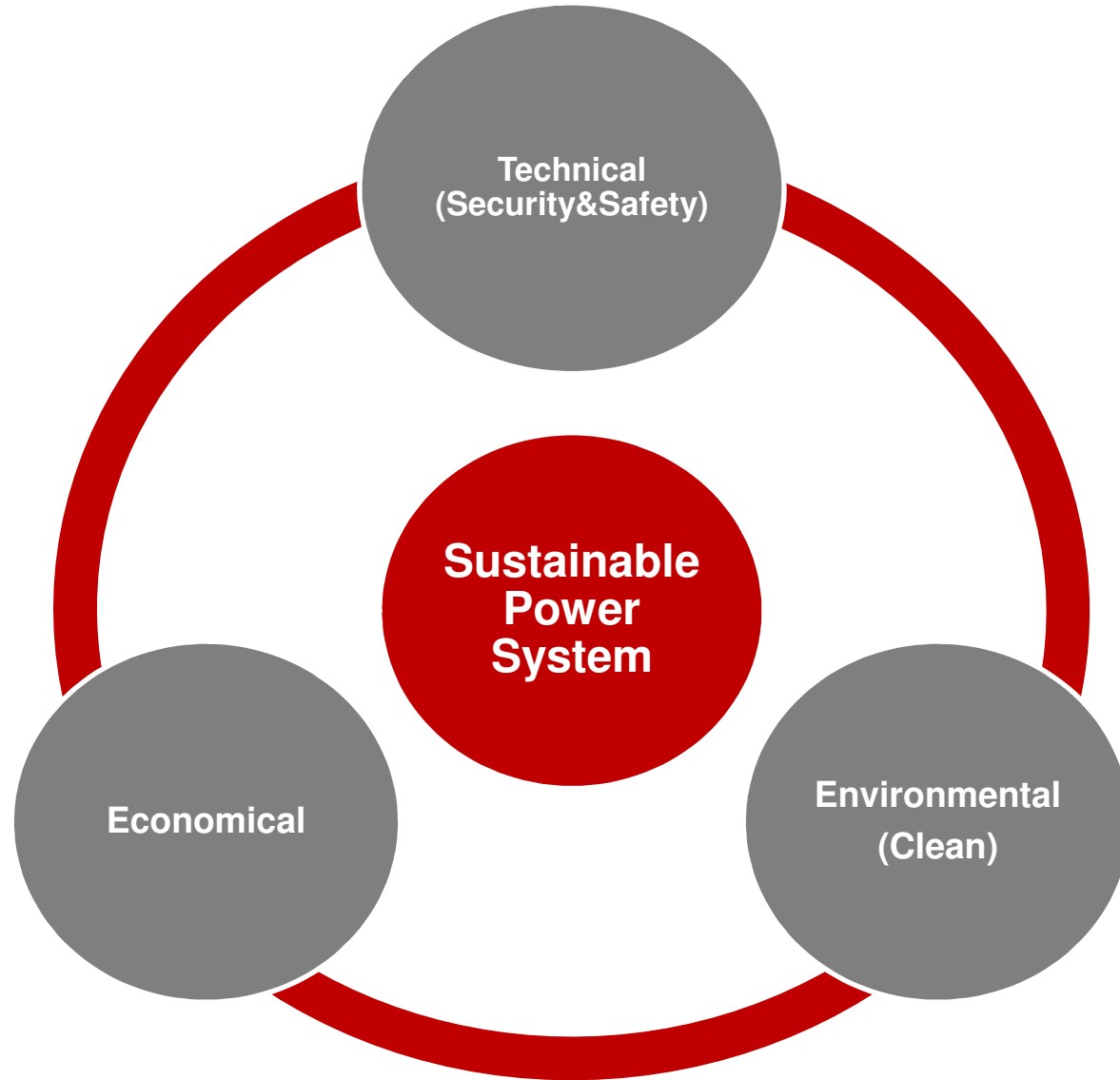
- Resource – Solar radiation
- Competitive levelized cost of energy (LCOE)

### ☐ Attractiveness of the country for the investors

- Country risk perceived
- Regulatory stability
- Attractiveness of the support scheme



**Current economic crisis accelerated the debate over the need for a more sustainable power system**





**Sustainable and Cost-Effective Development**

- Definition of **transparent, predictable and flexible mechanism** that allow the support scheme revision following to changes on the production/investment costs, avoiding overcompensation.
- Reduction of the impact of the production from RES on the electricity bill

**Energy Security of Supply**

- **Non-discrimination** and **increasing integration** of RES producers in the power system.
- Development of **smart grids** and investment on the **storage capabilities** in the medium/long term.
- Collaboration among TSOs, DSOs and producers (conventional and renewable), to reach cost optimal solutions.

**Commitment with Safe/Clean Sources of Energy and with Carbon Emissions Reduction**

- **Decarbonization** of Europe

## Various factors contribute to the importance of the PV in the energy mix

- Mature technology with proven track
- Clean & Safe
- Reduced environmental impact
- Fast deployment
- Production profile compatible with peak hours consumption
- Decentralized power generation (self-consumption/net metering)
- Falling production costs are increasing its competitiveness compared to conventional and other renewable sources



## 05 | ROMANIA – ADJUSTMENT TO NEW CIRCUMSTANCES

MAGURELE  
Ploiesti  
Romania

SECTOR AXIS	ADJUSTMENTS
<b>Policy/Regulatory Framework</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Transparency/predictability</li> <li>• Moving to a more cost effective support scheme</li> <li>• Promotion of self-consumption projects (both residential and industrial)</li> <li>• Effective reduction of the speculative approaches by granting connection approvals only to players that clearly have funds committed to the projects</li> </ul>
<b>National Electrical System</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Revision of the power supply structure and strategy for the next years</li> <li>• Increase the integration of RES in the electrical system, reducing the respective impact on the grid stability and related balancing costs</li> <li>• Definition of preferential areas for the connection of new capacities according with the grid condition and demand</li> </ul>
<b>Industry Players</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Contractors will have to design and build cost effective systems, minimizing the cost of the electricity produced (LCOE) over the lifetime of the project.</li> <li>• On the investors side the balance between the maximization of the performance of the plant and minimization of its costs (EPC/O&amp;M) will be key for the financial feasibility of the projects</li> </ul>
<b>Financiers</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Proven stability of the regulatory framework and a more favorable economic environment may increase the appetite of the banks to finance the sector and to decrease the equity requests (ml term)</li> <li>• Alternative sources of financing such as investment/pension funds are likely to gain more importance under a stable regulatory environment</li> </ul>
<b>Country/Political Commitment</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Continuous support to renewable energy production is foreseen, backed by the expected reinforced commitment from EU, being the sustainability of the support schemes a top priority</li> </ul>

**THANKS!**  
**MULTUMESC!**

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